

# IB8290: Innovation and Creativity in Organisations

View Online



---

[1]

Adams, J.D. 1990. Fundamental Stocks of Knowledge and Productivity Growth. *Journal of Political Economy*. 98, 4 (1990), 673–702.

[2]

Adams, J.D. *Transforming leadership: from vision to results*. Miles River Press.

[3]

Altman, E.J. et al. 2008. *The innovator's guide to growth: putting disruptive innovation to work*. Harvard Business Press.

[4]

Amabile, T. and Amabile, T. 1996. *Creativity in context: update to The social psychology of creativity*. Westview Press.

[5]

Amabile, T.M. et al. 1994. The Work Preference Inventory: Assessing intrinsic and extrinsic motivational orientations. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology: Personality Processes and Individual Differences*. 66, 5 (1994), 950–967.

[6]

Ancona, D.G. and Caldwell, D.F. 1992. Bridging the Boundary: External Activity and Performance in Organizational Teams. *Administrative Science Quarterly*. 37, 4 (1992),

634–665. <https://doi.org/10.2307/2393475>.

[7]

Andersen, H. et al. 2006. *The cognitive structure of scientific revolutions*. Cambridge University Press.

[8]

Andrew, J.P. et al. 2010. *Innovation 2010: A Return to Prominence—and the Emergence of a New World Order*. The Boston Consulting Group.

[9]

Austin, J. et al. 2006. Social and Commercial Entrepreneurship: Same, Different, or Both? *Entrepreneurship Theory and Practice*. 30, 1 (Jan. 2006), 1–22. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1540-6520.2006.00107.x>.

[10]

Azoulay, P. et al. 2010. Superstar Extinction. *Quarterly Journal of Economics*. 125, 2 (May 2010), 549–589. <https://doi.org/10.1162/qjec.2010.125.2.549>.

[11]

Bantel, K.A. and Jackson, S.E. 1989. Top management and innovations in banking: Does the composition of the top team make a difference? *Strategic Management Journal*. 10, S1 (1989), 107–124. <https://doi.org/10.1002/smj.4250100709>.

[12]

Basadur, M. et al. 2000. Understanding How Creative Thinking Skills, Attitudes and Behaviors Work Together: A Causal Process Model. *The Journal of Creative Behavior*. 34, 2 (2000), 77–100. <https://doi.org/10.1002/j.2162-6057.2000.tb01203.x>.

[13]

Baumol, W. 2002. Chapter 1: Introduction: On the Engine of Free-Market Growth. *The*

free-market innovation machine: analyzing the growth miracle of capitalism. Princeton University Press. 1-16.

[14]

Bayus, B.L. et al. 2003. The Financial Rewards of New Product Introductions in the Personal Computer Industry. *Management Science*. 49, 2 (Feb. 2003), 197-210.  
<https://doi.org/10.1287/mnsc.49.2.197.12741>.

[15]

Benington, J. and Moore, M.H. 2011. *Public value: theory and practice*. Palgrave Macmillan.

[16]

Besemer, S.P. and O'Quin, K. 1999. Confirming the Three-Factor Creative Product Analysis Matrix Model in an American Sample. *Creativity Research Journal*. 12, 4 (1999), 287-296.  
[https://doi.org/10.1207/s15326934crj1204\\_6](https://doi.org/10.1207/s15326934crj1204_6).

[17]

Bessant, J.R. and Tidd, J. 2015. *Innovation and entrepreneurship*. Wiley.

[18]

Beugelsdijk, S. and Cornet, M. 2001. How far do They Reach? The Localization of Industrial and Academic Knowledge Spillovers in the Netherlands.

[19]

Blair, C.S. and Mumford, M.D. 2007. Errors in Idea Evaluation: Preference for the Unoriginal? *Journal of Creative Behavior*. 41, 3 (2007), 197-222.

[20]

Boatman, J. and Wellins, R.S. 2011. *Global Leadership Forecast 2011*. Development Dimensions International.

[21]

Burns, J.M. 2010. Leadership. HarperPerennial.

[22]

Carlsson, B. ed. 2012. Technological Systems and Economic Performance: The Case of Factory Automation. SPRINGER.

[23]

Christiaans, H.H.C.M. 2002. Creativity as a Design Criterion. Creativity Research Journal. 14, 1 (2002), 41–54. [https://doi.org/10.1207/S15326934CRJ1401\\_4](https://doi.org/10.1207/S15326934CRJ1401_4).

[24]

Collaros, P.A. and Anderson, L.R. 1969. Effect of perceived expertness upon creativity of members of brainstorming groups. Journal of Applied Psychology. 53, 2 (1969), 159–163.

[25]

Conger, J.A. and Kanungo, R.N. 1994. Charismatic Leadership in Organizations: Perceived Behavioral Attributes and Their Measurement. Journal of Organizational Behavior. 15, 5 (1994), 439–452.

[26]

Cooke, P. et al. 1997. Regional innovation systems: Institutional and organisational dimensions. Research Policy. 26, 4-5 (1997), 475–491. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0048-7333\(97\)00025-5](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0048-7333(97)00025-5).

[27]

Cooke, P. et al. 2004. Regional innovation systems: the role of governance in a globalized world. Routledge.

[28]

Cooke, P. et al. 2004. Regional innovation systems: the role of governance in a globalized world. Routledge.

[29]

Cooke, P. and Leydesdorff, L. 2006. Regional Development in the Knowledge-Based Economy: The Construction of Advantage. *The Journal of Technology Transfer*. 31, 1 (2006), 5–15. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10961-005-5009-3>.

[30]

Cooper, R. 1987. New products: What separates winners from losers? *Journal of Product Innovation Management*. 4, 3 (1987), 169–184. [https://doi.org/10.1016/0737-6782\(87\)90002-6](https://doi.org/10.1016/0737-6782(87)90002-6).

[31]

Cooper, R.G. 2008. Perspective: The Stage-Gate® Idea-to-Launch Process—Update, What's New, and NexGen Systems. *Journal of Product Innovation Management*. 25, 3 (2008), 213–232. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1540-5885.2008.00296.x>.

[32]

Cooper, R.G. 2008. Perspective: The Stage-Gate® Idea-to-Launch Process—Update, What's New, and NexGen Systems. *Journal of Product Innovation Management*. 25, 3 (2008), 213–232. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1540-5885.2008.00296.x>.

[33]

Cooper, R.G. 2008. Perspective: The Stage-Gate® Idea-to-Launch Process—Update, What's New, and NexGen Systems. *Journal of Product Innovation Management*. 25, 3 (2008), 213–232. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1540-5885.2008.00296.x>.

[34]

Cooper, R.G. 1988. Predevelopment activities determine new product success. *Industrial Marketing Management*. 17, 3 (1988), 237–247. [https://doi.org/10.1016/0019-8501\(88\)90007-7](https://doi.org/10.1016/0019-8501(88)90007-7).

[35]

Cooper, R.G. 1990. Stage-gate systems: A new tool for managing new products. *Business Horizons*. 33, 3 (1990), 44-54.

[36]

Cooper, R.G. and Kleinschmidt, E.J. 1987. New products: What separates winners from losers? *Journal of Product Innovation Management*. 4, 3 (1987), 169-184.  
[https://doi.org/10.1016/0737-6782\(87\)90002-6](https://doi.org/10.1016/0737-6782(87)90002-6).

[37]

Daft, R.L. 1978. A Dual-Core Model of Organizational Innovation. *The Academy of Management Journal*. 21, 2 (1978), 193-210.

[38]

Daft, R.L. 1982. Bureaucratic versus nonbureaucratic structure and the process of innovation and change. *Research in the sociology of organizations: a research annual*. 1, (1982), 129-166.

[39]

Dailey, L. and Mumford, M.D. 2006. Evaluative Aspects of Creative Thought: Errors in Appraising the Implications of New Ideas. *Creativity Research Journal*. 18, 3 (2006), 385-390. [https://doi.org/10.1207/s15326934crj1803\\_11](https://doi.org/10.1207/s15326934crj1803_11).

[40]

Damanpour, F. 1991. Organizational Innovation: A Meta-Analysis of Effects of Determinants and Moderators. *The Academy of Management Journal*. 34, 3 (1991), 555-590.

[41]

Damanpour, F. et al. 1989. The Relationship between Types of Innovation and Organizational Performance. *Journal of Management Studies*. 26, 6 (1989), 587-602.

<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1467-6486.1989.tb00746.x>.

[42]

Dansereau, F. and Yammarino, F.J. 2005. Multi-level issues in strategy and methods. Emerald.

[43]

Davidsson, P. and Honig, B. 2003. The role of social and human capital among nascent entrepreneurs. *Journal of Business Venturing*. 18, 3 (2003), 301-331.  
[https://doi.org/10.1016/S0883-9026\(02\)00097-6](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0883-9026(02)00097-6).

[44]

De Dreu, C.K.W. and West, M.A. 2001. Minority dissent and team innovation: The importance of participation in decision making. *Journal of Applied Psychology*. 86, 6 (2001), 1191-1201.

[45]

Dennis, A.R. and Valacich, J.S. 1993. Computer brainstorming: More heads are better than one. *Journal of Applied Psychology*. 78, 4 (1993), 531-537.

[46]

Dew, R. and Hearn, G. 2009. A New Model of the Learning Process for Innovation Teams: Networked Nominal Pairs. *International Journal of Innovation Management*. 13, 4 (2009), 521-535.

[47]

Diehl, M. and Stroebe, W. 1987. Productivity loss in brainstorming groups: Toward the solution of a riddle. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology: Interpersonal Relations and Group Processes*. 53, 3 (1987), 497-509.

[48]

Diehl, M. and Stroebe, W. 1991. Productivity loss in idea-generating groups: Tracking down the blocking effect. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology: Interpersonal Relations and Group Processes*. 61, 3 (1991), 392–403.

[49]

Dillon, J.T. 1982. Problem Finding and Solving. *The Journal of Creative Behavior*. 16, 2 (June 1982), 97–111. <https://doi.org/10.1002/j.2162-6057.1982.tb00326.x>.

[50]

Dore, R. et al. 1999. Varieties of capitalism in the twentieth century. *Oxford Review of Economic Policy*. 15, 4 (1999), 102–120. <https://doi.org/10.1093/oxrep/15.4.102>.

[51]

Drucker, P.F. 2015. *Innovation and entrepreneurship: practice and principles*. Routledge.

[52]

Drucker, P.F. 2011. *Innovation and entrepreneurship: practice and principles*. Routledge.

[53]

Edquist, C. 2001. The Systems of Innovation Approach and Innovation Policy: An account of the state of the art. DRUID Conference, Aalborg, June 12-15, 2001 (2001).

[54]

Ernst, D. and Kim, L. 2002. Global production networks, knowledge diffusion, and local capability formation. *Research Policy*. 31, 8–9 (Dec. 2002), 1417–1429. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0048-7333\(02\)00072-0](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0048-7333(02)00072-0).

[55]

Fabrizio, K.R. 2009. Absorptive capacity and the search for innovation. *Research Policy*. 38,

2 (2009), 255–267. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.respol.2008.10.023>.

[56]

Feist, G.J. 1998. A Meta-Analysis of Personality in Scientific and Artistic Creativity. *Personality & Social Psychology Review* (Lawrence Erlbaum Associates). 2, 4 (1998), 290–309.

[57]

Feldman, D.H. et al. 1994. *Changing the world: a framework for the study of creativity*. Praeger.

[58]

Fosfuri, A. and Tribó, J.A. 2008. Exploring the antecedents of potential absorptive capacity and its impact on innovation performance. *Omega*. 36, 2 (2008), 173–187. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.omega.2006.06.012>.

[59]

Freeman, C. 1987. *Technology policy and economic performance: lessons from Japan*. Pinter.

[60]

Friedman, T.L. 2007. *The world is flat: a brief history of the twenty-first century*. Picador/Farrar, Straus and Giroux.

[61]

Fuchs, G. and Shapira, P. *Rethinking regional innovation and change: path dependency or regional breakthrough*. Springer.

[62]

Gallupe, R.B. et al. 1991. Unblocking brainstorming. *Journal of Applied Psychology*. 76, 1 (1991), 137–142.

[63]

Gatignon, H. et al. 2002. A Structural Approach to Assessing Innovation: Construct Development of Innovation Locus, Type, and Characteristics. *Management Science*. 48, 9 (2002), 1103–1122. <https://doi.org/10.1287/mnsc.48.9.1103.174>.

[64]

Getzels, J.W. and Csikszentmihalyi, M. *The creative vision: a longitudinal study of problem finding in art*. Wiley.

[65]

Getzels, J.W. and Csikszentmihalyi, M. *The creative vision: a longitudinal study of problem finding in art*. Wiley.

[66]

Getzels, J.W. and Csikszentmihalyi, M. *The creative vision: a longitudinal study of problem finding in art*. Wiley.

[67]

Gibbons, M. et al. 1994. *The new production of knowledge: the dynamics of science and research in contemporary societies*. SAGE.

[68]

Gill, C.M. and Hodgkinson, G.P. 2007. Development and Validation of the Five-Factor Model Questionnaire (FFMQ): An Adjectival-Based Personality Inventory for Use in Occupational Settings. *Personnel Psychology*. 60, 3 (2007), 731–766. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1744-6570.2007.00090.x>.

[69]

Glynn, M.A. 1994. Effects of work task cues and play task cues on information processing, judgment, and motivation. *Journal of Applied Psychology*. 79, 1 (1994), 34–45.

[70]

Glynn, M.A. 1996. Innovative Genius: A Framework for Relating Individual and Organizational Intelligences to Innovation. *The Academy of Management Review*. 21, 4 (1996), 1081–1111.

[71]

Greve, A. and Salaff, J.W. 2003. Social Networks and Entrepreneurship. *Entrepreneurship Theory and Practice*. 28, 1 (2003), 1–22. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1540-8520.00029>.

[72]

Guellec, D. and Van Pottelsberghe de la Potterie, B. 2004. From R&D to Productivity Growth: Do the Institutional Settings and the Source of Funds of R&D Matter? *Oxford Bulletin of Economics and Statistics*. 66, 3 (2004), 353–378. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1468-0084.2004.00083.x>.

[73]

Hambrick, D.C. et al. 1996. The Influence of Top Management Team Heterogeneity on Firms' Competitive Moves. *Administrative Science Quarterly*. 41, 4 (1996). <https://doi.org/10.2307/2393871>.

[74]

Hansen, M.T. 1999. The Search-Transfer Problem: The Role of Weak Ties in Sharing Knowledge across Organization Subunits. *Administrative Science Quarterly*. 44, 1 (1999). <https://doi.org/10.2307/2667032>.

[75]

Hartley, J. 2005. Innovation in Governance and Public Services: Past and Present. *Public Money and Management*. 25, 1 (2005), 27–34.

[76]

Hemlin, S. 2013. Creativity and leadership in science, technology, and innovation.

Routledge.

[77]

Hemlin, S. 2013. Creativity and leadership in science, technology, and innovation. Routledge.

[78]

Henderson, J. et al. 2002. Global production networks and the analysis of economic development. *Review of International Political Economy*. 9, 3 (Jan. 2002), 436–464. <https://doi.org/10.1080/09692290210150842>.

[79]

Henderson, R.M. and Clark, K.B. 1990. Architectural Innovation: The Reconfiguration of Existing Product Technologies and the Failure of Established Firms. *Administrative Science Quarterly*. 35, 1 (1990), 9–30.

[80]

Henderson, R.M. and Clark, K.B. 1990. Architectural Innovation: The Reconfiguration of Existing Product Technologies and the Failure of Established Firms. *Administrative Science Quarterly*. 35, 1 (1990), 9–30.

[81]

Henderson, R.M. and Clark, K.B. 1990. Architectural Innovation: The Reconfiguration of Existing Product Technologies and the Failure of Established Firms. *Administrative Science Quarterly*. 35, 1 (1990), 9–30. <https://doi.org/10.2307/2393549>.

[82]

Hennessey, B.A. 1994. The consensual assessment technique: An examination of the relationship between ratings of product and process creativity. *Creativity Research Journal*. 7, 2 (1994), 193–208. <https://doi.org/10.1080/10400419409534524>.

[83]

Huff, A.S. and Huff, J.O. 2001. Re-Focusing the Business School Agenda. *British Journal of Management*. 12, s1 (2001), S49-S54. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1467-8551.12.s1.6>.

[84]

Hughes, A. et al. 2011. Innovation in Public Sector Organisations: A pilot survey for measuring innovation across the public sector. *nesta*.

[85]

Hughes, T.P. 2004. *American genesis: a century of invention and technological enthusiasm, 1870-1970*. University of Chicago Press.

[86]

Hunter, S.T. et al. 2007. Climate for Creativity: A Quantitative Review. *Creativity Research Journal*. 19, 1 (2007), 69-90. <https://doi.org/10.1080/10400410709336883>.

[87]

IBM 2004. *Your Turn: The Global CEO Study 2004*. IBM Business Consulting Services.

[88]

IBM and Berman, S. 2010. *Capitalizing on Complexity: Insights from the Global Chief Executive Officer Study*. IBM.

[89]

IBM and Berman, S. 2010. *Capitalizing on Complexity: Insights from the Global Chief Executive Officer Study*. IBM.

[90]

Isaacson, W. 2008. *Einstein: his life and universe*. Pocket.

[91]

Isaksen, S.G. and Tidd, J. Meeting the innovation challenge: leadership for transformation and growth. John Wiley.

[92]

Isaksen, S.G. and Tidd, J. 2006. Meeting the innovation challenge: leadership for transformation and growth. John Wiley.

[93]

Jagersma, P.K. and van Gorp, D.M. 2003. Spin-out management: theory and practice. Business Horizons. 46, 2 (2003), 15–24. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0007-6813\(03\)00005-3](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0007-6813(03)00005-3).

[94]

Jaussi, K.S. and Dionne, S.D. 2003. Leading for creativity: The role of unconventional leader behavior. The Leadership Quarterly. 14, 4–5 (2003), 475–498. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S1048-9843\(03\)00048-1](https://doi.org/10.1016/S1048-9843(03)00048-1).

[95]

Johnson, S. 2010. Where good ideas come from: the natural history of innovation. Penguin Books.

[96]

Johnson, S. 2010. Where good ideas come from: the natural history of innovation. Riverhead Books.

[97]

Kaplan, J.M. and Warren, A.C. 2010. Patterns of entrepreneurship management. Wiley.

[98]

Keck, S.L. 1997. Top Management Team Structure: Differential Effects by Environmental Context. *Organization Science*. 8, 2 (1997), 143–156.

[99]

Khalil, T.M. and Bayraktar, B.A. eds *Management of technology III: the key to global competitiveness : proceedings of the Third International Conference on Management of Technology*, February 17-21, 1992, Miami, Florida, USA. Industrial Engineering and Management Press.

[100]

Korsgaard, M.A. et al. 1995. Building Commitment, Attachment, and Trust in Strategic Decision-Making Teams: The Role of Procedural Justice. *The Academy of Management Journal*. 38, 1 (1995), 60–84.

[101]

Kuhn, T.S. 2012. *The structure of scientific revolutions*. The University of Chicago Press.

[102]

Lant, T.K. et al. 1992. The role of managerial learning and interpretation in strategic persistence and reorientation: An empirical exploration. *Strategic Management Journal*. 13, 8 (Nov. 1992), 585–608. <https://doi.org/10.1002/smj.4250130803>.

[103]

Lavie, S. et al. 1993. *Creativity/anthropology*. Cornell University Press.

[104]

Lichtenthaler, U. 2009. Absorptive Capacity, Environmental Turbulence, and the Complementarity of Organizational Learning Processes. *The Academy of Management Journal*. 52, 4 (2009), 822–846.

[105]

Lonergan, D.C. et al. 2004. Evaluative Aspects of Creative Thought: Effects of Appraisal and Revision Standards. *Creativity Research Journal*. 16, 2-3 (2004), 231-246. <https://doi.org/10.1080/10400419.2004.9651455>.

[106]

Love, J.H. and Roper, S. 2001. Location and network effects on innovation success: evidence for UK, German and Irish manufacturing plants. *Research Policy*. 30, 4 (2001), 643-661. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0048-7333\(00\)00098-6](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0048-7333(00)00098-6).

[107]

Lundvall, B.-Å. ed. 2010. *National systems of innovation: toward a theory of innovation and interactive learning*. Anthem Press.

[108]

Lundvall, B.-Å. ed. 1992. *National systems of innovation: towards a theory of innovation and interactive learning*. Pinter.

[109]

Malerba, F. ed. 2004. *Sectoral systems of innovation: concepts, issues and analyses of six major sectors in Europe*. Cambridge University Press.

[110]

Mansfield, E. et al. 1977. Social and Private Rates of Return from Industrial Innovations\*. *The Quarterly Journal of Economics*. 91, 2 (1977), 221-240.

[111]

Metcalfe, J.S. 1995. Technology systems and technology policy in an evolutionary framework. *Cambridge Journal of Economics*. 19, 1 (1995), 25-46. <https://doi.org/10.1093/oxfordjournals.cje.a035307>.

[112]

Mobley, W.H. et al. eds 1999. *Advances in Global Leadership*, Volume 1. JAI Press.

[113]

Mohan Subramaniam and Mark A. Youndt 2005. The Influence of Intellectual Capital on the Types of Innovative Capabilities. *The Academy of Management Journal*. 48, 3 (2005), 450-463.

[114]

Montag, T. et al. 2012. A Critical Analysis of the Workplace Creativity Criterion Space. *Journal of Management*. 38, 4 (2012), 1362-1386.  
<https://doi.org/10.1177/0149206312441835>.

[115]

Mumford, M.D. et al. 2003. How creative leaders think: Experimental findings and cases. *The Leadership Quarterly*. 14, 4-5 (2003), 411-432.  
[https://doi.org/10.1016/S1048-9843\(03\)00045-6](https://doi.org/10.1016/S1048-9843(03)00045-6).

[116]

Mumford, M.D. et al. 2000. Leadership skills for a changing world. *The Leadership Quarterly*. 11, 1 (Mar. 2000), 11-35. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S1048-9843\(99\)00041-7](https://doi.org/10.1016/S1048-9843(99)00041-7).

[117]

Mumford, M.D. et al. 2002. Leading creative people: Orchestrating expertise and relationships. *The Leadership Quarterly*. 13, 6 (2002), 705-750.  
[https://doi.org/10.1016/S1048-9843\(02\)00158-3](https://doi.org/10.1016/S1048-9843(02)00158-3).

[118]

Mumford, M.D. et al. 2002. Leading creative people: Orchestrating expertise and relationships. *The Leadership Quarterly*. 13, 6 (2002), 705-750.  
[https://doi.org/10.1016/S1048-9843\(02\)00158-3](https://doi.org/10.1016/S1048-9843(02)00158-3).

[119]

Mumford, M.D. et al. 2008. Multi-level issues in creativity and innovation. Emerald.

[120]

Mumford, M.D. et al. 1991. Process analytic models of creative capacities. *Creativity Research Journal*. 4, 2 (1991), 91-122. <https://doi.org/10.1080/10400419109534380>.

[121]

Mumford, M.D. et al. 1991. Process analytic models of creative capacities. *Creativity Research Journal*. 4, 2 (1991), 91-122. <https://doi.org/10.1080/10400419109534380>.

[122]

Mumford, M.D. et al. 1991. Process analytic models of creative capacities. *Creativity Research Journal*. 4, 2 (1991), 91-122. <https://doi.org/10.1080/10400419109534380>.

[123]

Mumford, M.D. et al. 1997. Process-Based Measures of Creative Problem-Solving Skills: IV. Category Combination. *Creativity Research Journal*. 10, 1 (Jan. 1997), 59-71. [https://doi.org/10.1207/s15326934crj1001\\_7](https://doi.org/10.1207/s15326934crj1001_7).

[124]

Mumford, M.D. 2002. Social Innovation: Ten Cases From Benjamin Franklin. *Creativity Research Journal*. 14, 2 (2002), 253-266. [https://doi.org/10.1207/S15326934CRJ1402\\_11](https://doi.org/10.1207/S15326934CRJ1402_11).

[125]

Mumford, M.D. and Gustafson, S.B. Creativity syndrome: Integration, application, and innovation. *Psychological Bulletin*. 103, 1, 27-43.

[126]

Mumford, M.D. and Gustafson, S.B. 1988. Creativity syndrome: Integration, application, and innovation. *Psychological Bulletin*. 103, 1 (1988), 27-43.

[127]

Mumford, M.D. and Gustafson, S.B. 1988. Creativity syndrome: Integration, application, and innovation. *Psychological Bulletin*. 103, 1 (1988), 27-43.

[128]

Nijstad, B.A. et al. 1999. Persistence of Brainstorming Groups: How Do People Know When to Stop? *Journal of Experimental Social Psychology*. 35, 2 (1999), 165-185.  
<https://doi.org/10.1006/jesp.1998.1374>.

[129]

Nijstad, B.A. and De Dreu, C.K.W. 2002. Creativity and Group Innovation. *Applied Psychology*. 51, 3 (2002), 400-406. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1464-0597.00984>.

[130]

OECD 2008. *Compendium of Patent Statistics*. OECD.

[131]

OECD 2007. *Globalisation and Structural Adjustment: Summary Report of the Study on Globalisation and Innovation in the Business Services Sector*. OECD.

[132]

Okuda, S.M. et al. 1991. Creativity and the Finding and Solving of Real-World Problems. *Journal of Psychoeducational Assessment*. 9, 1 (1991), 45-53.  
<https://doi.org/10.1177/073428299100900104>.

[133]

Okuda, S.M. et al. 1991. Creativity and the Finding and Solving of Real-World Problems. *Journal of Psychoeducational Assessment*. 9, 1 (1991), 45-53.  
<https://doi.org/10.1177/073428299100900104>.

[134]

Osborn, A.F. Applied imagination: principles and procedures of creative problem-solving. Scribner.

[135]

Osborn, A.F. Applied imagination: principles and procedures of creative problem-solving. Scribner.

[136]

Osborn, A.F. 2009. Your creative power: how to use imagination to brighten life, to get ahead. Rowman & Littlefield Pub. Group.

[137]

Paulus, P. 2000. Groups, Teams, and Creativity: The Creative Potential of Idea-generating Groups. *Applied Psychology*. 49, 2 (2000), 237–262.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/1464-0597.00013>.

[138]

Reiter-Palmon, R. et al. 1997. Problem Construction and Creativity: The Role of Ability, Cue Consistency, and Active Processing. *Creativity Research Journal*. 10, 1 (1997), 9–23.  
[https://doi.org/10.1207/s15326934crj1001\\_2](https://doi.org/10.1207/s15326934crj1001_2).

[139]

Rhodes, M. 1961. An Analysis of Creativity. *The Phi Delta Kappan*. 42, 7 (1961), 305–310.

[140]

Roberts, E.B. 1991. *Entrepreneurs in high technology: lessons from MIT and beyond*. Oxford University Press.

[141]

Robledo, I.C. et al. 2012. Leadership of scientists and engineers: A three-vector model. *Journal of Organizational Behavior*. 33, 1 (2012), 140–147. <https://doi.org/10.1002/job.739>.

[142]

Roper, S. et al. 2004. An ex ante evaluation framework for the regional benefits of publicly supported R&D projects. *Research Policy*. 33, 3 (2004), 487–509. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.respol.2003.10.002>.

[143]

Roper, S. and Grimes, S. 2005. Wireless valley, silicon wadi and digital island--Helsinki, Tel Aviv and Dublin and the ICT global production network. *Geoforum*. 36, 3 (2005), 297–313. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.geoforum.2004.07.003>.

[144]

Rubera, G. and Kirca, A.H. 2012. Firm Innovativeness and Its Performance Outcomes: A Meta-Analytic Review and Theoretical Integration. *Journal of Marketing*. 76, 3 (2012), 130–147. <https://doi.org/10.1509/jm.10.0494>.

[145]

Runco, M.A. ed. 1997. *Critical creative processes*. Hampton Press.

[146]

Runco, M.A. ed. 1997. *Critical creative processes*. Hampton Press.

[147]

Runco, M.A. and Pritzker, S.R. eds 2011. *Encyclopedia of creativity*. Academic Press/Elsevier.

[148]

Sabbagh, K. 1996. *21st century jet: the making of the Boeing 777*. Pan.

[149]

Sawyer, R.K. 2006. Explaining creativity: the science of human innovation. Oxford University Press.

[150]

Sawyer, R.K. 2006. Explaining creativity: the science of human innovation. Oxford University Press.

[151]

Sawyer, R.K. 2013. Zig zag: the surprising path to greater creativity. Jossey-Bass.

[152]

Saxenian, A. 1994. Regional advantage: culture and competition in Silicon Valley and Route 128. Harvard University Press.

[153]

Saxenian, A. 1996. Regional advantage: culture and competition in Silicon Valley and Route 128. Harvard University Press.

[154]

Schumpeter, J. 2006. Theorie der wirtschaftlichen Entwicklung. Duncker und Humblot.

[155]

Schumpeter, J.A. 1983. The theory of economic development: an inquiry into profits, capital, credit, interest, and the business cycle. Transaction Books.

[156]

Scott, G. et al. 2004. The effectiveness of creativity training: A quantitative review.

Creativity Research Journal. 16, 4 (2004), 361–388.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/10400410409534549>.

[157]

Sethi, R. and Iqbal, Z. 2008. Stage-Gate Controls, Learning Failure, and Adverse Effect on Novel New Products. *Journal of Marketing*. 72, 1 (2008), 118–134.

[158]

Shiffrin, R.M. and Schneider, W. 1977. Controlled and automatic human information processing: II. Perceptual learning, automatic attending and a general theory. *Psychological Review*. 84, 2 (1977), 127–190.

[159]

Shigeru, N. 1974. *Science and Society in Modern Japan*. University of Tokyo Press.

[160]

Shipman, A.S. et al. 2010. Leader vision formation and forecasting: The effects of forecasting extent, resources, and timeframe. *The Leadership Quarterly*. 21, 3 (June 2010), 439–456. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.leaqua.2010.03.008>.

[161]

Simonton, D.K. 2000. Creative Development as Acquired Expertise: Theoretical Issues and an Empirical Test. *Developmental Review*. 20, 2 (2000), 283–318.  
<https://doi.org/10.1006/drev.1999.0504>.

[162]

Simonton, D.K. *Psychology, science, and history: an introduction to historiometry*. Yale University Press.

[163]

Sternberg, R.J. ed. 1999. *Handbook of creativity*. Cambridge University Press.

[164]

Sternberg, R.J. ed. 1999. Handbook of creativity. Cambridge University Press.

[165]

Stewart, W.H. and Roth, P.L. 2001. Risk propensity differences between entrepreneurs and managers: A meta-analytic review. *Journal of Applied Psychology*. 86, 1 (2001), 145–153.

[166]

Stogdill, R.M. and Coons, A.E. eds 1957. Leader behavior, its description and measurement . College of Administrative Science, Ohio State University.

[167]

Stroebe, W. and Diehl, M. 1994. Why Groups are less Effective than their Members: On Productivity Losses in Idea-generating Groups. *European Review of Social Psychology*. 5, 1 (1994), 271–303. <https://doi.org/10.1080/14792779543000084>.

[168]

Taylor, A. and Greve, H.R. 2006. Superman or the Fantastic Four? Knowledge Combination and Experience in Innovative Teams. *The Academy of Management Journal*. 49, 4 (2006), 723–740.

[169]

Tidd, J. and Bessant, J.R. 2013. Managing innovation: integrating technological, market and organizational change. Wiley.

[170]

Tidd, J. and Bessant, J.R. 2013. Managing innovation: integrating technological, market and organizational change. Wiley.

[171]

Van De Ven, A.H. and Delbecq, A.L. 1974. The Effectiveness of Nominal, Delphi, and Interacting Group Decision Making Processes. *The Academy of Management Journal*. 17, 4 (1974), 605–621.

[172]

Verganti, R. 2011. Designing Breakthrough Products. *Harvard Business Review*. 89, 10 (2011), 114–120.

[173]

Vincent, A.S. et al. 2002. Divergent Thinking, Intelligence, and Expertise: A Test of Alternative Models. *Creativity Research Journal*. 14, 2 (Apr. 2002), 163–178.  
[https://doi.org/10.1207/S15326934CRJ1402\\_4](https://doi.org/10.1207/S15326934CRJ1402_4).

[174]

Von Stamm, B. 2008. *Managing innovation, design and creativity*. John Wiley & Sons.

[175]

Waples, E.P. 2011. Managing Creative Performance: Important Strategies for Leaders of Creative Efforts. *Advances in developing human resources*. 13, 3 (2011), 366–385.

[176]

Weber, R.J. and Perkins, D.N. 1992. *Inventive minds: creativity in technology*. Oxford University Press.

[177]

Weber, R.J. and Perkins, D.N. 1992. *Inventive minds: creativity in technology*. Oxford University Press.

[178]

West, M.A. and Farr, J.L. 1991. *Innovation and Creativity at Work: Psychological and Organizational Strategies*. John Wiley & Sons Inc.

[179]

Wheelwright, S.C. and Clark, K.B. 1995. *Leading product development: the senior manager's guide to creating and shaping the enterprise*. Free Press.

[180]

Xiao, Y. et al. 1997. Planning behavior and its functional role in interactions with complex systems. *IEEE Transactions on Systems, Man, and Cybernetics - Part A: Systems and Humans*. 27, 3 (1997), 313–324. <https://doi.org/10.1109/3468.568740>.

[181]

Yu, D. and Hang, C.C. 2011. Creating technology candidates for disruptive innovation: Generally applicable R&D strategies. *Technovation*. 31, 8 (2011), 401–410. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.technovation.2011.02.006>.

[182]

Zahra, S.A. and George, G. 2002. Absorptive Capacity: A Review, Reconceptualization, and Extension. *The Academy of Management Review*. 27, 2 (2002), 185–203.

[183]

Zhou, J. and Shalley, C.E. *Handbook of organizational creativity*. Lawrence Erlbaum Associates.

[184]

Zhou, J. and Shalley, C.E. 2008. *Handbook of organizational creativity*. Lawrence Erlbaum Associates.

[185]

Zucker, L.G. et al. 1998. Geographically localized knowledge: Spillovers or markets?

Economic Inquiry. 36, 1 (1998), 65–86.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1465-7295.1998.tb01696.x>.

[186]

Zuckerman, H. 1995. Scientific elite: Nobel laureates in the United States. Transaction.